28 August 2003

TENTATIVE FORECAST OF THE PROGRAMME OF WORK OF THE SECURITY COUNCIL FOR THE MONTH OF SEPTEMBER 2003 *

For information only/not an official document

This tentative forecast of the programme of work of the Security Council has been prepared by the Secretariat for the President of the Council. The forecast covers in particular those matters that may be taken up during the month pursuant to earlier decisions of the Council. The fact that a matter is or is not included in the forecast carries no implication that it will or will not be taken up during the month: the actual programme of work will be determined by developments and the views of members of the Council.

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* Reissued for technical reasons.

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FORECAST OF THE PROGRAMME OF WORK OF THE SECURITY COUNCIL FOR THE MONTH OF SEPTEMBER 2003

AFRICA

Burundi

In a press statement issued by the President of the Security Council on 14 August 2003 (SC/7844), members of the Council welcomed the commitments made by the parties concerned during their meeting in Dar es Salaam on 20 July and the role played in that connection by the Member States of the regional initiative on Burundi. They encouraged the Burundian parties (in particular FDD-Nkurunziza) and the governments concerned, in particular those of neighbouring States, to make every effort to carry out those commitments. They expressed the hope that the negotiations taking place would lead rapidly to the implementation of a comprehensive agreement in time for the next summit of the regional initiative.

Strengthening cooperation between the United Nations system and the Central African region in the maintenance of peace and security

In a press statement issued by the President of the Security Council on 17 April 2003 (SC/7735), Council members welcomed the intention of the Secretary-General to dispatch a multidisciplinary mission to Central Africa to assess the implementation of that approach, as requested by the Security Council's Presidential Statement of 31 October 2002 (document S/PRST/2002/31).

Council members invited the Secretary-General to submit to the Security Council at the end of that mission a report with recommendations on measures to be taken for the implementation of that global approach.

The report is expected in the course of September.

Central African Republic

BONUCA

In a press statement issued by the President of the Security Council on 15 July 2003 (SC/7815), Council members expressed concern at the continuing insecurity and human rights violations in the Central African Republic....They insisted on the need for BONUCA to continue its inquiries into human rights violations and to continue to work to strengthen national capacities regarding the rule of law.

Congo

The Security Council will continue to monitor the situation in the Republic of the Congo.

Côte d'Ivoire

By paragraph 2 of resolution 1498 (2003) of 4 August 2003, the Security Council requested ECOWAS, through the command of its force, and France to report to the Council periodically, through the Secretary-General, on all aspects of the implementation of their respective mandates.

In a statement made by the President of the Security Council at the 4793rd meeting, on 25 July 2003 (S/PRST/2003/11), the President noted that the Council renewed its support and encouragement to the SRSG and asked him to keep the Council closely informed of developments towards the full implementation of the objectives cited in the statement. The Council also requested the Secretary-General to submit recommendations to the Council as soon as possible on ways to combat subregional and cross-border problems, focusing in particular on better coordination of United Nations efforts.

Democratic Republic of the Congo

MONUC

By paragraph 2 of resolution 1501 (2003) of 26 August 2003, the Security Council authorized the States members of the Interim Emergency Multinational Force, within the limits of the

means at the disposal of those elements of the Force which will not yet have left Bunia before 1 September 2003, to provide assistance to the MONUC contingent deployed in the town and its immediate surroundings, if MONUC requests them to do so and if exceptional circumstances demand it, during the period of the Force's disengagement which should last until 15 September 2003 at the latest.

Ituri

By paragraph 27 of resolution 1493 (2003) of 28 July 2003, the Security Council requested the Secretary-General to deploy in the Ituri district, as soon as possible, the tactical brigade-size force. . . , including the reinforced MONUC presence in Bunia by mid-August 2003 as requested in resolution 1484 (2003)... .

Eritrea/Ethiopia

UNMEE

By paragraph 1 of resolution 1466 (2003) of 14 March 2003, the Security Council decided to extend the mandate of UNMEE until 15 September 2003.

The Secretary-General is expected to submit a report to the Council by 5 September 2003.

A meeting of the Council members, troop-contributing countries and the Secretariat will be held prior to the consideration of the mandate of UNMEE, probably on 9 September 2003.

Great Lakes region

Regular reporting

In a statement made by the President of the Security Council at the 3771st meeting, on 24 April 1997 (S/PRST/1997/22), the Security Council, *inter alia*, requested the Secretary-General to continue to keep it informed of developments in the Great Lakes region on a regular basis.

The situation in Guinea following recent attacks along its borders with Liberia and Sierra Leone

In a statement made by the President of the Security Council at the 4252nd meeting, on 21 December 2000 (S/PRST/2000/41), the Security Council, *inter alia*, requested the Secretary-General to consider what support the international community, and in particular the United Nations, might provide to ECOWAS in order to ensure security on the border that Guinea shared with Liberia and Sierra Leone, and to report in that connection to the Council as soon as possible.

Guinea-Bissau

UNOGBIS

By paragraph 14 of resolution 1233 (1999) of 6 April 1999, the Council requested the Secretary-General to keep it regularly informed and to submit a report by 30 June 1999 and every 90 days thereafter on developments in Guinea-Bissau, the activities of UNOGBIS and the implementation of the Abuja Agreement, including the implementation by ECOMOG of its mandate.

[On 8 July 2002, Council members agreed to receive a written report on the situation in Guinea-Bissau every six months and an oral briefing from the Secretariat, accompanied by a fact sheet, every three months.]

The Secretariat is expected to provide an oral briefing on 29 September 2003.

Liberia

UN stabilization force

By paragraph 2 of resolution 1497 (2003) of 1 August 2003, the Security Council declared its readiness to establish such a follow-on UN stabilization force to support the transitional government and to assist in the implementation of a comprehensive peace agreement for Liberia. The Council also requested the Secretary-General to submit to the Council recommendations for the size, structure, and mandate of this force, preferably by 15

August 2003, and subsequent deployment of the United Nations force no later than 1 October 2003.

By paragraph 14 of the resolution, the Council decided to review the implementation of the resolution within 30 days of adoption to consider the report and recommendations of the Secretary-General called for in paragraph 2 and consider further steps that might be necessary.

Letters dated 20 and 23 December 1991, from France, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and the United States of America (S/23306, S/23307, S/23308, S/23309 and S/23317)

In a statement made by the President of the Security Council at the 4022nd meeting, on 9 July 1999 (S/PRST/1999/22), the Security Council, inter alia, expressed gratitude to the Secretary-General for his continued efforts in his role as set out in paragraph 4 of resolution 731 (1992) and paragraph 6 of resolution 1192 (1998), and requested him to follow developments regarding that matter closely and to report to the Council accordingly.

Sierra Leone

UNAMSIL

By paragraph 1 of resolution 1470 (2003) of 28 March 2003, the Security Council decided that the mandate of UNAMSIL shall be extended for a period of six months from 30 March 2003 (30 September 2003).

The Secretary-General is expected to submit a report to the Council by 23 September 2003.

A meeting of the Council members, troop-contributing countries and the Secretariat will be held prior to the consideration of the mandate of UNAMSIL, probably on 16 September 2003.

ASIA

Afghanistan

Regular reporting

In a press statement issued by the President of the Security Council on 27 September 2001, Council members expressed their intention to continue to review regularly the situation in Afghanistan.

Iraq

UNMOVIC

By paragraph 12 of resolution 1284 (1999) of 17 December 1999, the Council requested the Executive Chairman of UNMOVIC to report, through the Secretary-General, to the Council, following consultation with the Commissioners, every three months on the work of UNMOVIC.

The Secretary-General's report is expected to be submitted by 1 September 2003.

Middle East

The situation in the Middle East, including the Palestinian Question

By paragraph 7 of resolution 1322 (2000) of 7 October 2000, the Security Council invited the Secretary General to continue to follow the situation and to keep the Council informed.

EUROPE

Bosnia and Herzegovina

Peace Agreement

By paragraph 26 of its resolution 1423 (2002) of 12 July 2002, the Security Council requested the Secretary-General to

continue to submit to the Council reports from the High Representative, in accordance with Annex 10 of the Peace Agreement and the conclusions of the Peace Implementation Conference held in London on 4 and 5 December 1996 (S/1996/1012), and later Peace Implementation Conferences, on the implementation of the Peace Agreement and in particular on compliance by the parties with their commitments under that Agreement.

In a statement made by the President of the Security Council at the 4661st meeting, on 12 December 2002 (S/PRST/2002/33), the Security Council expressed its intention to keep the implementation of the Peace Agreement, and the situation in Bosnia and Herzegovina, under review. The Council invited the European Union to keep it regularly informed, as appropriate on the activities of the European Union Police Mission (EUPM).

SFOR

By paragraph 18 of its resolution 1491 (2003) of 11 July 2003, the Security Council requested the Member States acting through or in cooperation with the organization referred to in Annex 1-A of the Peace Agreement to continue to report to the Council, through the appropriate channels and at least at monthly intervals.

Violations of international humanitarian law in the areas of Srebrenica, Zepa, Banja Luka and Sanski Most

In a statement made by the President of the Security Council at the 3701st meeting, on 10 October 1996 (S/PRST/1996/41), the Security Council, having considered, in the light of its resolution 1034 (1995) of 21 December 1995, the current situation with regard to the investigation of violations of international humanitarian law in the areas of Srebrenica, Zepa, Banja Luka and Sanski Most as well as in the areas of Glamoc, Ozren and elsewhere throughout the territory of Bosnia and Herzegovina, inter alia, stated that it would continue to follow the issue closely and requested the Secretary-General to keep it regularly informed on progress reached in the investigation of the violations of international humanitarian law referred to in the report of the Secretary-General of 27 November 1995 (S/1995/988).

The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia

In a statement made by the President of the Security Council at the 4290th meeting, on 7 March 2001 (S/PRST/2001/7), the Security Council requested to be briefed regularly on the efforts undertaken by the international security presence (KFOR), the Government of The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia and all relevant international organizations.

Other

ICTR/ICTY

In letters dated 28 August 2003 addressed to the President of the Security Council, the Secretary-General submitted the name of Mrs. Carla Del Ponte as his nominee for the position of Prosecutor of the International Criminal Tribunal for the Former Yugoslavia, and the name of Justice Hassan Bubacar Jallow as his nominee for the position of Prosecutor of the International Tribunal for Rwanda.

The Security Council is expected to formally consider these nominations in early September.

Annual Report of the Security Council to the General Assembly

The draft report, prepared by the Secretariat and to be circulated for comments in September, will have to be approved by the Security Council in September for submission to the General Assembly.

Protection of United Nations personnel, associated personnel and humanitarian personnel in conflict zones

By paragraph 5(c) of resolution 1502 (2003) of 26 August 2003, the Security Council invited the Secretary-General to advise the Council, where in his assessment circumstances would support the issuance of the declaration of exceptional risk for the purposes of article 1 (c)(ii) of

the Convention on the Safety of United Nations and Associated Personnel. . ..

Security Council Working Group on general issues of sanctions

By a note dated 17 April 2000 (S/2000/319), the President of the Security Council stated that the members had decided to establish on a temporary basis an informal working group to develop general recommendations on how to improve the effectiveness of United Nations sanctions. He also stated that the working group should report its findings to the Council by 30 November 2000.

By a note dated 15 January 2002 (S/2002/70), the Security Council agreed to extend the mandate of the Working Group until 31 December 2003.

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SCHEDULE OF FORTHCOMING REVIEWS OR RENEWALS OF MANDATES

Subject	Date of Review/ Expiry of Mandate/ Review of Status	Council decision providing for current mandate
UNMEE	15 September 2003	1466 (2003) of 14 March 2003
UNAMSIL	27 September 2003	1470 (2003) of 28 March 2003
UNIKOM	6 October 2003	1490 (2003) of 3 July 2003
MINURSO	31 October 2003	1495 (2003) of 31 July 2003
MINUCI	13 November 2003	1479 (2003) of 13 May 2003
UNFICYP	15 December 2003	1486 (2003) of 11 June 2003
UNDOF	31 December 2003	1488 (2003) of 26 June 2003
UNOMIG	31 January 2004	1494 (2003) of 30 July 2003
UNIFIL	31 January 2004	1496 (2003) of 31 July 2003
UNAMA	27 March 2004	1471 (2003) of 28 March 2003
UNMISET	20 May 2004	1480 (2003) of 19 May 2003
MONUC	30 July 2004	1493 (2003) of 28 July 2003

REVIEW OF SANCTIONS REGIMES

Subject	Date of Next Review	Explanatory Notes
Libya		Under S/RES/748 (1992), paragraph 13, the Security Council is required to review every 120 days or sooner, should the situation so require, the measures imposed by paragraphs 3 to 7. On 5 April 1999, the Security Council suspended the aforementioned measures, as well as those imposed by resolution 883 (1993), which was acknowledged through a Statement of the President of the Security Council to the press (Press Release SC/6662). Subsequently, the Security Council recalled that decision in its Presidential statement of 8 April 1999 (S/PRST/1999/10). With reference to a report of the Secretary-General of 30 June 1999 (S/1999/726) submitted in fulfilment of the request contained in paragraph 16 of resolution 883 (1993) and paragraph 8 of resolution 1192 (1998) the Council, in a statement by the President on 9 July 1999, recalled that the measures set forth in resolutions 748 (1992) and 883 (1993) had been suspended, and reaffirmed its intention to lift those measures as soon as possible, in conformity with the relevant resolutions (S/PRST/1999/22).

FORTHCOMING REPORTS BY THE SECRETARY-GENERAL AS REQUESTED BY THE SECURITY COUNCIL (October 2003)

Item	Due date	Request contained in resolution or Presidential statement or letter from the President of the Security Council	Formulation of the request in the resolution or Presidential statement or letter from the President of the Security Council
Iraq (UNIKOM)	By 6 October 2003	Resolution 1490 (2003) of 3 July 2003	"Requests the Secretary-General to report to the Council on the completion of UNIKOM's mandate" (para. 4).
Timor-Leste	By 17 October 2003	Resolution 1410 (2002) of 17 May 2002	"Requests the Secretary-General to keep the Council closely and regularly informed of progress towards the implementation of this resolution including, in particular, with regard to progress towards achievement of the milestones in the Mandate Implementation Plan, and to submit a report within six months of the date of adoption of this resolution and every six months thereafter;" (para. 13).
Somalia	By 28 October 2003	Presidential Statement S/PRST/2001/30 of 31 October 2001	"The Security Council requests the Secretary-General to take the following steps in support of the peace process in Somalia: Submit reports, at least every four months, on the situation in Somalia and the efforts to promote the peace process, including updates on the scope and contingency planning for launching a peace-building mission for Somalia. . ." (para. 13).

FORTHCOMING REPORTS BY THE SECRETARY-GENERAL AS REQUESTED BY THE SECURITY COUNCIL (October 2003)

Item	Due date	Request contained in resolution or Presidential statement or letter from the President of the Security Council	Formulation of the request in the resolution or Presidential statement or letter from the President of the Security Council
Georgia	By 30 October 2003	Resolution 1494 (2003) of 30 July 2003	"Requests the Secretary-General to continue to keep the Council regularly informed and to report three months from the date of the adoption of this resolution on the situation in Abkhazia, Georgia" (para. 28).
Children and armed conflict	By 31 October 2003	Resolution 1460 (2030) of 30 January 2003	"Further requests the Secretary-General to submit a report by 31 October 2003 on the implementation of this resolution and of its resolution 1379 (2001) would include, inter alia, …" (para. 16).
Western Sahara	By 31 October 2003	Resolution 1495 (2003) of 31 July 2003	"Requests that the Secretary-General provide a report on the situation before the end of the present mandate that contains progress made in the implementation of the present resolution" (para. 7).